

ORAL PRESENTATION

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# Assessment of quality of life in people with severe and enduring anorexia nervosa: a comparison of generic and specific instruments

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From 2013 ANZAED Conference: Inspiring Change: Person and Context  
Melbourne, Australia. 23-24 August 2013

## Aims

To compare the psychometric properties of generic and disease-specific measures of health-related quality of life (HRQoL).

## Methods

63 participants with anorexia nervosa (AN) completed measures of generic HRQoL (Medical Outcomes Study Short-Form; SF-12), disease-specific HRQoL (Eating Disorders Quality of Life Questionnaire; EDQOL), functional impairment (days out of role; Work and Social Adjustment Scale), and eating disorder severity (Eating Disorder Examination Questionnaire) at baseline, post-treatment, and 6-12 months follow-up. The SF-12 and EDQOL were compared on internal consistency, convergence validity, and criterion-related validity.

## Results

The EDQOL had stronger internal consistency  $\alpha = 0.92$  vs. 0.80), convergence with eating disorder severity ( $r = 0.06$  to 0.53 vs. 0.11 to -0.39), and criterion-related (functional impairment) validity ( $\beta = 0.37$  - 0.46) compared to the SF-12. The SF-12 converged more strongly with functional impairment ( $r = -0.31$  to -0.63 vs. 0.06 to 0.70). The SF-12 ( $\beta = 0.41$  - 0.42) and EDQOL ( $\beta = 0.33$  - 0.38) had similar criterion-related (eating disorder severity) validity.

## Conclusions

The EDQOL and SF-12 should be used where possible in tandem as measures of HRQoL, whereas the SF-12

may be preferable in studies where comparisons are to be made with other populations.

This abstract was presented in the **Anorexia Nervosa Characteristics and Treatment** stream of the 2013 ANZAED Conference.

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Published: 14 November 2013

doi:10.1186/2050-2974-1-S1-O42

Cite this article as: Mitchison et al.: Assessment of quality of life in people with severe and enduring anorexia nervosa: a comparison of generic and specific instruments. *Journal of Eating Disorders* 2013 1(Suppl 1):O42.

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